mmdvmcal

mmdvmcal procedure:

To use pistar-mmdvmcal to calculate TXoffset

- A. Preliminaries: Set DMR rig to desired hotspot frequency, CC1 Slot1 TG9. Call it Fd (in Hz) In Pistar set TXoffset and RXoffset to zero, otherwise they'll screw up the calculation.
- B. connect to your pi-star setup with ssh.
- C. Type:- sudo pistar-mmdvmcal"
- D. Tap E key & enter TX frequency of your hotspot in Hz
- F. Tap key. Hotspot generates a dmr tone.
- G. Tap Hotspot transmits tone. You should hear tone on rig.
- H. Repeat presses on f key until tone disappears. Note this frequency as f.
- I. Repeat presses on F key until tone reappears, keep going until it disappears again. Note this frequency as F.
- J. Q to quit.

The calculation:

You have 3 frequencies, Fd, f and F to play with. f is the lower edge of the hotspot transmission and F is the upper edge of the hotspot transmission. Assuming the transmission is symmetrical around its peak value, the average of f & F gives the peak frequency of the hotspot transmission ie where it is transmitting.

So the hotspot is TXing at freq. {(F+f)/2} Hz
TXoffset is the difference between rig and hotspot TX
frequencies.

TXoffset = $Fd - \{(F+f)/2\}$

TXOffset & RXoffset don't have to be the same, but for starters set both to the calculated value. If ber isn't good, vary RXoffset only until it is.